

1. -10. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. Researchers know that people who volunteer to participate as ---- in research have clear rights specified by the code of research ethics.

- A) investors B) rivals
C) victims D) subjects
E) innovators

2. The inspiration and power of the arts play a vital role in enabling children and young people to ---- their creative talent and develop their artistic skills.

- A) contend B) decline
C) curtail D) humiliate
E) foster

3. Educators and students, particularly linguistically and culturally diverse students, are facing a challenging era, because inequities are --- - and happening nearly everywhere.

- A) prosperous B) pervasive
C) plausible D) tentative
E) invaluable

4. In a world in which the Internet makes information prevalent, what counts is the ability to use knowledge ----.

- A) obscurely B) diligently
C) intelligently D) notoriously
E) indecisively

5. Psychology is used extensively in market research both for research techniques and for ---- of findings about consumer behaviour.

- A) interpretation B) expedition
C) involvement D) withdrawal
E) intervention

6. Cultural assimilation occurs when migrants begin to ---- the cultural practices of the local population and local ways of life.

- A) inflict B) disprove
C) pretend D) overlook
E) adopt

7. A good implementation plan should try to identify where a loss of power may occur so that managers can anticipate and possibly ---- any problems arising from that loss.

- A) avert B) deem
C) comprise D) acquire
E) assert

8. New tools and ideas introduced by European traders ---- profound social and economic change in Pacific islands communities.

- A) put off B) called off
C) brought about D) used up
E) kept away

9. Research has shown that in the school years, children improve markedly in their ability to focus their attention on --- information.

- A) reluctant B) shallow
C) indigenous D) relevant
E) obedient

10. Studies reveal that students who do not ---- their peers are at elevated risk for academic disengagement and school failure

- A) cut down on
B) come up with
C) make up for
D) drop out of
E) get along with

11. - 20. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

11. Prehistoric archaeologists ---- how early human societies all over the world ---- into being.

- A) have investigated / would come
- B) are investigating / have come
- C) will investigate / come
- D) investigate / came
- E) used to investigate / may have come

12. The origins of Renaissance art ---- to Italy in the late 13th, when Italian scholars and artists ---- themselves as reawakening to the ideals and achievements of classical Roman culture.

- A) could have been traced / had seen
- B) might be traced / have seen
- C) would be traced / see
- D) can be traced / saw
- E) may have been traced / would see

13. Significant demographic changes ---- in the Southern Mediterranean Countries in recent decades, but these changes --- only a small part of the wider transformations that started in these countries in the 1950s.

- A) occurred / represented
- B) occur / have represented
- C) have occurred / represent
- D) will occur/ are representing
- E) had occurred / were representing

14. In many Asian cities, air and water pollution levels are well ---- world averages, and rich natural resources ---- forests and the seas have also been severely degraded.

- A) by / for
- B) through / on
- C) beyond / with
- D) above / in
- E) at / upon

15. Children ---- parents help them with their emotions are better able to manage emotional upset on their own and are also more accepted by their peers.

- A) what
- B) whose
- C) whomever
- D) that
- E) where

16. Nearly 60 million people live ---the poverty line in Pakistan, making almost a third of the country poor under a new formula adopted --- the government to measure poverty.

- A) into / for
- B) within / on
- C) of / with
- D) at / through
- E) below / by

17. ---- the original Lisbon Strategy target of 3% GDP to be spent on R&D has not been met, tangible benefits are nonetheless apparent.

- A) Because
- B) Unless
- C) Just as
- D) Although
- E) Once

18. ---- what language is used, human beings have a purpose in using that particular language which is to communicate their message.

- A) As if
- B) Since
- C) No matter
- D) As of
- E) Just as

19. Although rapid gains in life expectancy followed social change and public health measures, progress in the other medical sciences was slow, possibly ---- the devastating effect of two major world wars.

- A) except for
- B) unlike
- C) despite
- D) but for
- E) owing to

20. Women are nearly twice ----likely to experience anxiety ---- men, a global review reveals.

- A) so / that
- B) the more / the more
- C) either / or
- D) whether / or
- E) as / as

21. - 25. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

Most people at the end of their life don't wish they (21) ---- more time at the office, but they do often regret not (22) ---- more time with their family, especially when their children were young. Unfortunately, people who find themselves with debt payments that exceed (23) ---- they can reasonably afford usually (24) ---- ways to increase their income. Instead of taking a part-time job, working overtime every week, or getting involved in a get-rich-quick scheme, looking at your budget for ways to cut back your spending is better, for decreasing spending is usually (25) ---- easier than increasing your income.

21.

- A) will spend
- B) have to spend
- C) had spent
- D) were able to spend
- E) have spent

22.

- A) to pass
- B) being passed
- C) to have been passed
- D) having been passed
- E) passing

23.

- A) that
- B) what
- C) how
- D) whether
- E) where

24.

- A) seek for
- B) make up with
- C) settle down
- D) make out
- E) come down with

25.

- A) by far
- B) such
- C) more
- D) a lot
- E) a few

26. - 30. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

Life under the Communist regime was a very difficult time. It was a limiting and challenging environment. Polish people's right (26) ---- democracy and freedom of speech were (27) ---- . The Polish citizens felt hopeless, helpless, and downtrodden by the Communist regime. (28) ---- people were able to bear the political oppression, most were not able to withstand the economic oppression in situations where prices of food skyrocketed and the people (29) ---- to purchase the bare minimum basics. When people are pushed to their limits and do not have the basic necessities provided, such as proper nourishment, they begin to fight the system. It was the dramatic climax (30) ---- the oppressed in the Communist dictatorship shifted their mind-set from being resistant to exercising their rights in open battle against Communist oppression.

26.

- A) to
B) with
C) between
D) around
E) above

27.

- A) enhanced
B) negotiated
C) reinforced
D) repaired
E) violated

28.

- A) Because
B) Unless
C) If
D) Even though
E) As soon as

29.

- A) must be affording
B) could not afford
C) are able to afford
D) should not have afforded
E) would not afford

30.

- A) which
B) whose
C) where
D) whom
E) what

31. - 42. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

31. ----, but the economic crisis has widened the gap further.

- A) A country's income status and regime type are among the most important predictors of youth development
- B) Unemployment among young people has always been higher than general joblessness
- C) Employment can be beneficial for youth by teaching responsibility, organization, and time management
- D) There are many advantages to working during high school, especially for low-income youth
- E) Governments need to provide job-focused training and encourage entrepreneurship to help the millions of young unemployed people

32. If conflict were to erupt between China and Japan, ----.

- A) the dispute ignites nationalist passions on both sides
- B) Japan has claimed ownership of the islands since 1895
- C) tensions in the East China Sea may escalate alarmingly in coming months
- D) Japan would expect US military back-up
- E) the two countries have not always lived in peace with one another

33. ----, the genre's origin can be traced to the early crime narratives of the eighteenth century, especially The Newgate Calendar which is "the archetype of pre-detective crime stories.

- A) Though crime fiction developed into a recognizable literary genre in the nineteenth century
- B) As most authoritative histories ignored women writers and poets
- C) Because society has always been interested in crime, its perpetrators and victims, as well as its causes and consequences.
- D) Even if jazz and classic blues are really early twentieth-century black music innovations
- E) Whereas science fiction emerged nearly 300 years ago during a time of great advances in science

34. Unless the e-reader device market is charged with lower-price, higher-quality options, ---- .

- A) over the past decade e-books have made a valiant effort at catching up
- B) a lot of people are worried that our ability to enter into the story is changing
- C) consumers will have digital fatigue, leading to continued e-book sales decline
- D) e-reading does not impact comprehension or that it can even enhance it
- E) consumers continued to increase digital spending last year

35. Though Germany was defeated in the first World War,----.

- A) a number of senior commanders were exceedingly sceptical about the chances of success
- B) Germany hoped that Russia would soon withdraw from the war
- C) the Japanese found it impossible to swallow defeat
- D) the German generals requested armistice negotiations with the Allies in November of 1918
- E) she became powerful in a short time and was able to put in action her aggressive imperialistic policies

36. ----, then your version of 'modern life' may be exposing you to the emotional problems that arise from social isolation.

- A) As we are becoming more superficial and less rewarding in our relationships
- B) If you are devoting more time to online communities than to the flesh-and-blood kind
- C) Though loneliness affects all of us at some point in our lives
- D) Just as loneliness can lead to a lack of confidence and mental health problems like depression, stress and anxiety
- E) Whereas the very media that seem to keep us so closely connected to each other are actually keeping us apart

37. Just as Renaissance artists employed mathematics to create images that mimicked reality, ----.

- A) an understanding of mathematics is central to a young person's preparedness for life in modern society
- B) formulating situations mathematically involves identifying opportunities to apply and use maths
- C) others have ignored scientific evidence and resisted the implementation of scientific principles
- D) computer scientists can use behaviour sciences applied to computer science to imitate human intelligence
- E) carving busts of young boys became a specialty of Florentine sculptors from about 1450 until the end of the fifteenth century

38. Even if factories are aware of the technology and aware of the net advantages, ---- .

- A) they may not have a sufficiently long expected time horizon to capture the expected benefits
- B) it takes time and resources for managers to know what workers value,
- C) workers will require overtime in order to remain employed.
- D) unions provide ways to resolve workplace disputes and offer protections to workers
- E) national governments have tremendous potential to affect working conditions

39. In order to protect children from online dangers, ----.

- A) simple surfing and instant messaging with friends are common activities for kids
- B) you can help your child enjoy the benefits of the internet while minimising the risks
- C) parents should watch for signs of suspicious behaviours by monitoring their kids' online activities
- D) our children will probably not have their own computers when they get older
- E) the Internet can be a wonderful place to learn, shop, play games, and talk to your friends

40. Social protection programmes have demonstrated long-lasting benefits for many families and children living in poverty, ----.

- A) so poverty means being deprived in crucial aspects of their lives such as nutrition, health, water, education or shelter
- B) if these deprivations automatically make them susceptible to all health hazards and stunt their normal healthy growth
- C) when the parent does not provide the nurturing qualities so necessary for sound growth of personality
- D) unless a child's basic emotional needs are adequately met
- E) yet only one-third of the world's poor are covered

41. By cutting back your spending and tightening your money belt, instead of working non-stop, ----.

- A) most people would agree top budget priorities are to keep up with housing-related bills, car payments, and basic living expenses
- B) we can now track our spending and where our precious money is really going
- C) you may be eligible for a number of programs that target individuals and families with lower incomes such as government subsidies
- D) you can pay off your bills and watch your little son's championship football match or your daughter's ballet show on Saturday afternoon
- E) one should always have some emergency savings to fall back on when "what-ifs" arise

42. Although values and attitudes may not directly influence academic outcomes, ----.

- A) the home and school contexts are characterized as autonomous microsystems
- B) they may provide resources and support for those learning aims at home
- C) they may enhance academic achievement by promoting children's motivation in educational tasks
- D) together the home and school contexts interact to offer a unique influence
- E) past research on parent involvement investigates associations between parent involvement and academic achievement

43. - 52. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi, Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

43. Because productivity commonly declines whenever a new technology is introduced, more accurate measurements of productivity in the old sense may lead supervisors to fear their performance will look worse.

A) Eski anlamda üretkenliğin doğru ölçülmesi, yöneticilerin performanslarının kötü gözükmesinden korkmasına neden olabilir çünkü her ne zaman yeni bir teknoloji tanıtılsa verimlilik genellikle azalır.

B) Her ne zaman yeni bir teknoloji tanıtılsa verimlilik azaldığı için, eski biçimde üretkenliğin çok daha doğru ölçülmesi, yöneticilerin performanslarının kötü gözükmesinden endişe duymasına yol açabilir.

C) Her ne zaman yeni bir teknoloji tanıtılsa verimlilik genellikle azaldığı için, eski anlamda üretkenliğin daha doğru ölçülmesi, yöneticilerin performanslarının daha kötü gözükmesinden korkmasına neden olabilir.

D) Her yeni bir teknoloji tanıtıldığında, verimlilik genellikle düşer, ve eski anlamda üretkenliğin daha doğru ölçülmesi, yöneticilerin performanslarının da daha kötü gözükmesinden korkmasının sebebi olur.

E) Her yeni bir teknoloji tanıtımı yapıldığında, verimlilik bir şekilde düştüğü için, yöneticilerin performanslarının daha kötü gözükmesinden korkması, eski anlamda üretkenliğin daha doğru ölçülmesine neden olabilir.

44. Teachers work in a complex and dynamic society, which means that teachers need to be critically informed, have professional values and knowledge and take actions that ensure a positive impact on learners and learning.

A) Öğretmenler, karmaşık ve dinamik bir toplumda çalışırlar ki bu da öğretmenlerin ciddi derecede bilgilendirilmesi, mesleki değerler ve bilgiye sahip olmaları ve öğrencide ve öğrenmede olumlu bir etki sağlaması gerektiği anlamına gelir.

B) Öğretmenler, karmaşık ama dinamik bir toplumda çalışırlar; bu da öğretmenlerin bilgilendirilmesi, mesleki değerler ve bilgiye sahip olmaları ve öğrencide olumlu bir etki sağlaması anlamına gelir.

C) Öğretmenler, üst düzey ve dinamik bir toplumda çalışırlar ki bu öğretmenlerin eleştirel bakımdan bilgilendirilmesi, mesleki değerler ve bilgiye sahip hale getirilmeleri ve hem öğrencide hem de öğrenmede olumlu etki sağlamak zorunda olduğuna işaret eder.

D) Öğretmenler, sadece karmaşık değil aynı zamanda dinamik bir toplumda çalışmaktalar ki bu da öğretmenlerin ciddi derecede eğitilmeleri, mesleki değerler ve bilgiye sahip olmaları ve öğrencide ve öğrenmede yapıcı bir etki yapması gerektiği anlamını taşır.

E) Öğretmenler, üst düzey ve dinamik bir toplumda çalışırlar ki bu da öğretmenlerin bilgilendirilmesi, mesleki değerler ve bilgiye sahip olmaları ve öğrencide ve öğrenmede etki yapması gerekliliğine dikkat çeker.

45. The best way to take control of your household finances is to do a budget, which is a simple tool that helps you clearly understand the money going in and out of your household.

A) Evinize giren ve çıkan parayı net bir şekilde hesaplamak zordur, bu yüzden basit bir araç olarak bir bütçe yapmak evle ilgili mali durumunuzu kontrol altına almanızı sağlar.

B) Evle ilgili mali durumunuzu kontrol altına almanın yollarında biri şudur; evinize giren ve çıkan parayı net bir şekilde anlamanıza yardımcı olan basit bir araç olan bir bütçe yapmaktır.

C) Evle ilgili mali durumunuzu kontrol altına aldığınız takdirde, evinize giren ve çıkan parayı net bir şekilde anlarsınız ve bu size yardımcı olacak basit bir bütçe aracı geliştirir.

D) Evinize giren ve çıkan parayı net bir şekilde kontrol ederek, basit bir şekilde evle ilgili mali durumunuzu kontrol altına almanız mümkün olabilir.

E) Evle ilgili mali durumunuzu kontrol altına almanın en iyi yolu, evinize giren ve çıkan parayı net bir şekilde anlamanıza yardımcı olan basit bir araç olan bir bütçe yapmaktır.

46. Despite incredible improvements in the education of girls since 1950s, there are still a number of challenges, which should have been easy to solve.

A) Çözülmesi gerek çok sayıda güçlükler rağmen, 1950'lerden beri kızların eğitimindeki inanılmaz gelişmeler meydana geldi ki bu kolaylıkla gerçekleştirildi.

B) 1950'lerden beri kızların eğitimindeki inanılmaz gelişmelere rağmen, halen çok sayıda çözülmesi kolay olması gereken güçlükler mevcuttur.

C) 1950'lerden beri kız çocuklarının eğitimindeki inanılmaz gelişmelere rağmen, yine de çok sayıda güçlükler var ki bunları çözmek çok kolay olmalıydı.

D) 1950'lerden itibaren kız çocuklarının eğitimindeki tüm muhteşem gelişmelere rağmen, halen yüksek oranda sıkıntılar var ve bunları çözmek şimdiye kadar kolay olabiliirdi.

E) 1950'lerden bu yana kızların eğitimindeki inanılmaz değişimlere rağmen, çok sayıda sıkıntılar var ki bunları çözmek hiç de kolay değil.

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47. No sooner had Saudi Arabia talked last week of halting the year-long bombardment of its much poorer neighbour than its air strikes on Yemen resumed.

A) Sudi Arabistan, daha fakir komşusuna yıl boyunca süren bombardımanını kesmekten bahseder bahsetmez, Yemen üstündeki hava saldırılarının bıçak gibi kesildiği görüldü.

B) Sudi Arabistan'ın çok daha fakir komşusuna yıl boyu devam eden bombardımanı durduracağını söylemesinin hemen öncesinde, Yemen üstündeki hava saldırıları kaldığı yerden devam etti.

C) Sudi Arabistan tarafından tam da çok daha fakir komşusu Yemen'e yıl boyu süren bombardımanın kesileceği konusunda yapılan açıklamadan hemen sonra, ülke üstündeki hava saldırıları durduruldu.

D) Sudi Arabistan, tam da çok daha fakir komşusuna yıl boyu süren bombardımanını durdurma konusunda konuşmuştu ki, Yemen üstündeki hava saldırıları kaldığı yerden sürdü.

E) Sudi Arabistan çok daha fakir komşusuna yıl boyu süren bombardımanını durdurma konusundaki konuşmalarına rağmen, Yemen üstündeki hava saldırıları kaldığı yerden devam ettirildi.

48. Parthian savaşlarının Hindistan'a ticaret rotasının açık kalmasını sağlamak için Romalılar tarafından büyük çoğunlukla savaşıldığına inanılmaktadır.

A) The Romans believed that the Parthian wars were partly fought by to guarantee that the trade route to India would stay open.

B) It is known that the Romans fought against other powers to make ensure that the trade course in India would work incessantly.

C) The Romans believed that the Parthian wars were particularly fought by to maintain that the trade route to India would stay open.

D) It is believed that the Parthian wars were largely fought by the Romans to ensure that the trade route to India remained open to them.

E) It is believed that the Parthian wars were in part fought by the Romans to ensure that the trade route to India opened to them.

49. Dünya genelinde yüksek intihar oranları göz önünde bulundurulursa, şiddete maruz kalma dahil özel risk unsurlarını belirlemek yüksek derecede önemlidir.

A) Given the high rates of suicide throughout the world, it is highly important to identify the specific risk factors, including violence exposure.

B) Despite the low rates of suicide throughout the world, it is rather vital to destroy the specific risk factors, including violence exposure.

C) It is really urgent to determine the specific risk factors, including violence exposure when the high rates of suicide throughout the world is taken into consideration.

D) Because of the extremely high rates of suicide throughout the world, it has become really significant to identify the risk factors, including violence exposure.

E) It is indispensable to recognize the particular risk factors, such as violence exposure as suicide rates have skyrocketed throughout the world in recent years.

50. Eğitim çocuklar için eşit şartlar oluşturmakta eşsiz bir rol oynamasına rağmen, okula devam etmeyen öğrencilerin sayısı 2011'den beri yükselmiştir.

- A) A number of children has dropped out school since 2011 even though education plays a critical role in levelling the playing field for most children
- B) Although education plays a unique role in levelling the playing field for children, the number of children who do not attend school has increased since 2011.
- C) The number of children who don't go to school has increased to such extent since 2011 as education has lost role its role in levelling the playing field for most children
- D) While education plays a vital role in levelling the playing field for children, the number of children who can't afford to continue their education has soared since 2011.
- E) Even if education has an indispensable role in levelling the playing field for children, most children do not attend school and the number has got bigger since 2011.

51. Dünyanın dört bir yanında, insan toplulukları yaşadıkları çevreler ile ilgili zengin açıklama ve deneyimler grupları geliştirmişlerdir.

- A) A wealth of experiences and explanations relating to the environments about the pace they live in have been developed by human communities all around the world
- B) Human societies all around the globe have tried to create a number of experiences and explanations as to the habitats they inhabit
- C) A great many societies produced rich sets of experiences and explanations regarding their settlement
- D) Human societies across the world could have improved developed rich sets of experiences and explanations but for the environments they live in.
- E) Human societies all across the globe have developed rich sets of experiences and explanations relating to the environments they live in.

52. Yazı icat edilmeden önce, sözlü hikayeler hatırlanmasını ve nakledilmesini daha kolaylaştırmak için yaygın bir şekilde bir tür şiirsel biçime sokulmuştur.

- A) By the time writing was developed, oral stories were mostly performed as poetry thereby making them easier to recollect and read.
- B) Before the invention of writing, most verbal stories were preserved by turning them into some sort of poetic form for making them easier to recall and perform.
- C) Before writing was invented, oral stories were commonly put into some sort of poetic form to make them easier to remember and recite.
- D) Until writing was created, verbal stories were rarely remembered and recited and so put into some sort of poetic form for making them easier
- E) By development of writing, oral stories were prominently passed on to next generations as poetry, making them easier to recollect and read.

53. - 55. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The animal rights movement is currently in a state of transition that will surely continue into the foreseeable future. Increased involvement of the legal profession will undoubtedly lead to further animal-law litigation and legislation. The shift in public opinion in favour of animal rights and welfare will likely continue, leading to more vegetarianism and veganism, increased consumer preferences for humane options, greater activism, and more accurate media coverage. These factors will undoubtedly have an impact on food production and choices, animal experimentation and its alternatives, and the use of animals in entertainment. Impending climate change issues, including loss of species, habitat disruption, and potential food and water crises, are likely to rise to the forefront of the animal rights debate in coming years. Despite advances, it is very difficult to change cultural, social, and political practices embedded in human societies and belief systems. While there have been advances in animal protection, so, too, have there been setbacks. Overall, however, the movement has gained support.

53. The writer believes that ---- .

- A) the number of vegetarians and vegans will outnumber that of those who are not vegetarians and vegans
- B) animal experimentation will accelerate as new drugs are developed
- C) new laws will certainly be enacted with regard to animal rights and welfare
- D) no animals will be put behind the bars in the zoos
- E) entertainment sector will without doubt cease using animals

54. It can be inferred from the passage that, within the next years ----.

- A) public opinion will shift to the detriment of animal rights
- B) we will witness some serious setbacks in animal rights
- C) governments will take strict measures to curb animal products advertisements
- D) veganism will be more popular than vegetarianism
- E) imminent climate change and food and water scarcity may take precedence over animal rights

50. The author's attitude towards future animal rights and welfare is ----.

- A) pessimistic
- B) realistic
- C) indifferent
- D) optimistic
- E) disapproving

56. - 58. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The terrorist attacks of September 11, 2001, raised concerns about the effectiveness of aviation security, as the 19 hijackers managed to pass through checkpoints to board the aircraft while carrying box knives, which, at the time, were not banned from aircraft. In addition, some of the terrorists were able to board the planes because they were not on no-fly lists even though they were known to be involved in questionable activities, and in others their names were on the lists but were overlooked. Names on the lists continued to be overlooked—though this gap was addressed by various governments in the wake of the 2001 attacks—as evidenced by Abdulmutallab’s ability to board the flight to Detroit in December 2009. Although he was listed in a government database as a suspected terrorist, his name was never put on a no-fly list. In the wake of the 2009 incident, security at many airports worldwide has been substantially upgraded to reduce the likelihood that a comparable attack will recur. Certain airports around the world are also of concern because of lax security or because they are located in volatile regions plagued by widespread terrorism-related extremism.

56. It is stated in the passage that, after the 2009 incident, ---- .

- A) Americans were shaken up violent terror attacks
- B) the phenomenon of flying drones has gathered momentum in recent years and become an international concern.
- C) international cooperation with regard to passenger records and the implementation of biometric identification developed
- D) security in many airports was increased markedly in order to decrease the possibility of terror attack
- E) it was decided to implement stricter inspection of travellers

57. It can be inferred in the passage that he terrorist attacks of September 11, 2001 as , ----.

- A) the intelligence agencies did not take warnings about such an attack seriously enough
- B) there was complete lack of security as well as indifference to necessary procedures at airports
- C) intelligence agencies hadn’t prepared no-fly lists before this incident
- D) there weren’t enough intelligence staff to keep track of terror suspects
- E) intelligence agencies lacked the technology to decipher intercepted communications among terrorists

58. It is stated in the passage that, ----.

- A) most airports across the world demands high security measures
- B) some airports cause worry as they are situated at unstable parts of the world with terrorist threat
- C) there had been serious concerns about the effectiveness of aviation security before September 11 attacks
- D) loose security at airports is the only reason behind the September 11
- E) even after September 11 attacks, no country overlooked no-fly lists any more.

59. -61. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Today, historic, cultural, and linguistic preservation are all integral parts of conservation efforts. Historic preservation, the oldest form of conservation, refers specifically to efforts to preserve and protect buildings, objects, landscapes, and other artefacts. Cultural preservation is broader than historic preservation and includes not only conservation of buildings, monuments, and landscapes but also the “intangibles”—biodiversity, ethical systems, food-ways, musical traditions, and so forth. Language preservation refers to efforts to prevent languages from becoming extinct as well as to protect the stories, legends, and knowledge embedded in those languages. A language is considered “at risk” when it is no longer taught to younger generations, as older generations of fluent speakers die out. The Atlas of Languages in Danger of Disappearing, published by UNESCO, reports that an estimated 6,000 languages are spoken worldwide. Three thousands of those languages are spoken by fewer than 10,000 people, and 417 languages are considered to be on the verge of extinction. Preservation efforts in all three strains—historic, cultural, and linguistic—must be coordinated at the national level.

59. It is clearly stated in the passage that cultural preservation ----.

- A) attaches more importance to ethical systems than musical traditions
- B) has nothing to do with protection of monuments and buildings
- C) is supported neither by government agencies nor nongovernmental organizations
- D) is very comprehensive as it encompasses preservation of both tangible and intangible assets
- E) has gained popularity in many countries in recent years

60. According to the passage, ---- .

- A) a language usually reach the point of crisis after being displaced by economically dominant one
- B) younger generations are predominantly eager to learn native languages
- C) there are not enough studies with regard to disappearing languages
- D) a language is regarded endangered as their speakers are not passing them along to the next generation
- E) nearly half of the languages spoken across the world are on the brink of disappearance

61. The writer believes that, ----.

- A) historic conservation should be given the highest priority
- B) an awareness should be raised as to food ways and musical traditions
- C) it is necessary to maintain historic, cultural, and linguistic preservation efforts in collaboration
- D) younger generations should be encouraged to protect intangible heritage of their countries
- E) language loss, like species loss, is simply a fact of life on an ever-evolving planet

62. - 64. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Voter turnout is an important part of elections and is often thought to affect the quality and stability of a country's democracy. It can also be a factor in the outcome of elections if members of certain groups or supporters of particular parties or candidates participate in disproportionately greater numbers. Countries vary widely in the extent to how many citizens participate in elections, and in recent years, turnout in elections has been declining in many countries. This sustained decline has given rise to some concern, both for the quality of democracy and for the potential effects on public policy. Money and organization may also affect participation, although regulations and campaign practices regarding such matters vary widely. A few countries, such as Australia and Brazil, make voting compulsory, thereby achieving higher participation in elections and levelling the playing field somewhat. Others, such as Sweden and Denmark, manage to sustain high turnout in elections without compulsion. Voter turnout is lower in the United States than in many comparable countries and has been declining for the past several decades.

62. According to the passage, voter turnout ---- .

- A) in the United States is much higher than most established democracies.
- B) differ in on large scale in many countries
- C) is much lower in developing countries than developed ones
- D) is likely to decline dramatically in coming years due to complexity of voting systems
- E) will certainly be increased by making voting necessary

63. It is stated in the passage that ----.

- A) voter turnout can never be correlated with the level of democracy
- B) low election turnouts can signal a lack of confidence in the electoral system
- C) there have been serious measures in order to reverse adverse effects of industrialization lately
- D) voter turnout may have an effect on quality and stability of a country's democracy
- E) Sweden is the only country with high voter turnout without having to resort force

64. According to passage lower voter turnout ----.

- A) has been increased in Australia and Brazil by raising civic awareness of voting
- B) can be attributed to economic difficulties, lower education levels
- C) has caused concern in terms of health of democracy and its likely impact on public policy
- D) usually benefits a democracy in some cases
- E) is all to do with lowered voting ages

65. - 67. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The period of European exploration introduced the people of Europe to the existence of new cultures worldwide. Before the fifteenth century, Europeans had minimal knowledge of the people and places beyond the boundaries of Europe, particularly Africa and Asia. Before the discovery of the Americas, Europeans did not even know of its existence. Europeans presumed that the world was much smaller than it was in actuality. This led early explorers such as Columbus and Magellan to believe that finding new routes to the Far East would be much easier than it turned out to be. Profound misconceptions about geography and the cultures of local populations would change very slowly throughout the early centuries of European exploration. By the sixteenth century, European maps started to expand their depictions and representations to include new geographic discoveries. However, due to the intense political rivalries during the period, European states guarded their geographic knowledge and findings from one another. With the growth of the printing press during the sixteenth century, accounts of overseas travels, such as those of Marco Polo in the late thirteenth century, spread to a wider audience of European readers than had previously been possible.

65. According to the passage, by fifteenth century, ----.

- A) it was widely believed that earth was the centre of solar system
- B) European countries had lucrative commercial ties with Americas
- C) Europeans had begun to establish colonies centuries in many parts of Americas
- D) Europeans had no awareness of America continent
- E) the culture of Europe had spread to Asia, Africa and other parts of the world

66. It is stated in the passage that printing press --

- A) paved the way for great enlightenment across the world
- B) enabled the knowledge of geographical discoveries to be spread to vast amounts of people
- C) was brought to Europe by Marco Polo in the sixteenth century
- D) helped the maps of newly discovered places to be published
- E) has been one of the most powerful inventions of the modern era.

67. According to passage, despite developments in European cartography, ---- .

- A) European countries abstained from sharing accumulated knowledge with each other due to deep political competition
- B) Europeans explorers failed to map accurately most areas which were discovered
- C) important fallacies about geography of the world remained for centuries
- D) finding new routes to the Far East would not be realised until the eighteenth century
- E) mapping was still a costly process which involved a substantial amount of manual work.

68. - 70. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

All parents want their kids to do well. But unrealistic expectations not only have potentially damaging long-term psychological effects, they can hurt kids academically in the here and now. Some pressure does help children achieve more, but expecting the unachievable only makes them do worse. Researchers at the UK's University of Reading looked at the numbers from a study of more than 3,500 students in Germany from 2002 to 2007. The study, according to an article in Science Daily, "assessed student math achievement as well as parental aspiration (how much they want their child to earn a particular grade) and expectation (how much they believe their child can achieve a certain grade) on an annual basis." They found that when parents pushed kids to achieve, they did rise to meet the expectations. But when parents tried to push kids past their realistic potential, the effort backfired, and the students actually did worse. To double down on those findings, researchers reviewed the results of a study involving 12,000 kids and parents in the U.S. The two-year investigation came up with the same findings as the German survey. Kou Murayama, who led the study, says unrealistically high aspiration may hinder academic performance. "Murayama added that too much parental aspiration can be "poisonous".

68. It is stated in the passage that, ---- .

- A) most teachers underestimate the potential of certain children to succeed.
- B) pushy parents who force their children succeed are trying to make up for their own failed dreams,
- C) children with pushy parents are at a much higher risk of developing depression or anxiety symptoms
- D) setting unrealistically high goals for your child ends up with lower academic success
- E) highly pressured children are likely to develop lower self-esteem

69. According to study conducted by UK's University of Reading, ---- .

- A) German students are better at realising high expectations than English ones
- B) the more parents press their kids to achieve more than they can, the less they achieve academically
- C) Maths is viewed as a difficult subject when compared to other ones
- D) having too little emphasis on achievement coming from either parent was generally harmful.
- E) forcing kids to achieve what they can do could damage your relationship with them later on in life

70. What could be the best title for the passage?

- A) High academic expectations for children and success
- B) Academic expectations of German and English Parents
- C) Promoting children's motivation to learn and positive emotions
- D) The long-term effects of early parent involvement
- E) Long-term psychological effects of highly unrealistic expectations

71. - 75. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere, parçada anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

71. ----. Everywhere government spending is presented as a panacea for all our economic ills. Is private industry partially stagnant? We can fix it all by government spending. Is there unemployment? That is obviously due to "insufficient private purchasing power". The remedy is just as obvious. However, all that is necessary is for the government to spend enough to make up the deficiency, which is a hard-to-reverse fallacy.

A) An enormous literature is based on this fallacy, and it has become part of an intricate network of fallacies that mutually support each other

B) There is no more persistent and influential faith in the world today than the faith in government spending

C) A certain amount of public spending is necessary to perform essential government functions

D) Among the most viable of all economic delusions is the belief that machines on net balance create unemployment

E) People want to invest their own capital, but they are cautious as they want to get it back

72. Until the beginning of the 20th century, international treaties were drafted and authenticated in a single language which was first Latin, then French. ---- . After the First World War, however, the Treaty of Versailles had already two authentic languages: French and English. Today as a general rule international agreements are multilingual. An underlying interest of having several authentic languages is to demonstrate the broad acceptance that the international treaty achieved and the sovereignty of the states that are parties to the agreement.

A) These languages draw our attention to the cultural diversity represented among the contracting countries

B) Agreements concluded under the United Nations framework are usually authentic in the six official languages of the United Nations

C) By such treaties, states bind themselves in written form by the obligations laid down in the treaty

D) French was first accepted as a single treaty language for the General Treaty of the Congress of Vienna in 1815

E) Therefore, there are privileged languages chosen on political, cultural and geopolitical grounds

73. On the Indian subcontinent, as in no other part of the world, women have risen to the pinnacle of politics. Indira Gandhi of India, Benazir Bhutto of Pakistan and Aung San Suu Kyi of Myanmar are all famous names. Less well known is that Sri Lanka was the first country ever to elect a woman prime minister, or that it has also had a female president. For 22 of the past 25 years Bangladesh, a largely Muslim country with more people than France and Germany combined, has been led by a woman. Yet for all such headline-grabbing successes, the fine print tells a different story. ----.

- A) And the chief ministers of numerous country-sized Indian states have also been women
- B) As a result, there has been steady progress in such things as stamping out female infanticide and spreading women's education
- C) Despite many prominent female politicians, a big gender discrimination endures
- D) In 2012 a household survey found that four-fifths of Muslim women in the USA needed their husband's or family's permission to visit a local clinic
- E) However, this is partly due to laws that assign either a third or half of seats to female candidates

74. For centuries, due to the power politics and struggle over the control of resources in the Middle East, various powers have supported numerous controversial regimes. The United States, Britain, France, and others supported dictatorships and monarchies, even overthrowing democracies. ---- . For the people of the region that had their popular leaders overthrown and replaced with corrupt rulers, this was surely not freedom.

- A) Furthermore, what was going on around the world after the WWII are critical to understanding the policies and events in the Middle East
- B) The centuries-old view of the South, from the perspective of the West, was now changing
- C) The Soviet Union, on the other hand, having faced the brunt of Hitler's forces, like Europe, had lost a considerable amount of her army
- D) Nationalist, revolutionary, and independence movements all started to take hold and Europe had little ability to maintain control
- E) To the populations back home the reason often given for this was for freedom, stability, containing the Soviet Union and so on

75. We often hear about people's desire to solve world hunger, or to be able to feed the world and help alleviate the suffering associated with it. ----. That is, world hunger is a terrible symptom of world poverty. If efforts are only directed at providing food, or improving food production or distribution, then the structural root causes that create hunger, poverty and dependency would still remain. And so, while continuous effort, resources and energies are deployed to relieve hunger through these technical measures, the political causes require political solutions as well.

- A) However, meaningful long-term alleviation to hunger is rooted in the alleviation of poverty, as poverty leads to hunger
- B) Although there are many inter-related issues causing hunger, the most crucial one is land rights and ownership
- C) There were serious discussions in learned circles about overpopulation as the cause of this poverty
- D) In addition to these, globalization in the modern era is seeing another assault on local communities' lands
- E) Smoking also contributes to world hunger, as the tobacco industry diverts huge amounts of land from producing food to producing tobacco

76. - 80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz

76. (I) During the 1400s commerce and trade flourished in northern Europe, around the coast of the Baltic Sea and in the Rhine River region of Germany. (II) These areas were linked with trade routes to Italy and the region around the Mediterranean Sea in the south. (III) Often accompanying traders, Italian humanist scholars journeyed north to work as diplomats, secretaries, and university lecturers. (IV) Protestant reformers did not approve of most Renaissance culture, and prohibited the display of paintings and sculpture in churches. (V) They took with them the ideas of the Italian Renaissance, which was flourishing in city-states such as Florence, Milan, and Venice.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

77. (I) Hans Holbein the Younger, a German by origin, was active in England between 1526 and 1550. (II) He painted German merchants like Georg Gische, French envoys, the ambassadors and courtiers. (III) After becoming court painter to Henry VIII, he executed both dynastic and intimate portraits of the king and his family. (IV) Each of Holbein's portraits proves his power to bring a living person authentically before us: each reveals the sitter's character, while the objects that often surround him denote his role in life and his interests. (V) Until the 18th century, the greatest artists active in the country were of foreign origin, though a few native ones were definitely comparable with them.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

78. (I) The Ottoman state attempted to regulate society in its major urban centres through forceful settlement policies, a ban on migration to major cities, and the issuing of building codes. **(II)** The offices of the prefect of Istanbul, the chief architect, the kadi, the subaşı, and the local imam supervised the application of these regulations. **(III)** The sultan and members of his household, particularly the princesses, constructed palaces and mansions along both shores of the Bosphorus. **(IV)** These laws acquired a greater sense of urgency in the eighteenth century due to overcrowding, frequent fires, earthquakes, plagues, and shortages of water, essential materials, and foods. **(V)** The state only invested in the repair of mosques and palaces and lacked a program to help the majority of victims during fires, earthquakes, and plagues.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

79. (I) Democracies are on average richer than non-democracies, are less likely to go to war and have a better record of fighting corruption. **(II)** The protesters who have recently overturned the politics of Ukraine have many aspirations for their country. **(III)** Their placards called for closer relations with the EU, an end to Russian intervention in Ukraine's politics and the establishment of a clean government to replace the kleptocracy of President Viktor Yanukovich. **(IV)** But their fundamental demand is one that has motivated people over many decades to take a stand against corrupt, abusive and autocratic governments. **(V)** They want a rules-based democracy.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

80. (I) According to a research conducted in Athens in Greece, if a service provider knows someone else is paying your bills, he is more likely to rip you off. **(II)** This is a problem that crops up frequently in economics, and is called moral hazard. **(III)** Low-wage workers are, thus, highly exposed to the changes in the economy because they tend to work in pro-cyclical sectors, like construction and manufacturing. **(IV)** For example, a patient with private insurance may be happy to sit through extra tests, and a doctor may be happy to order them. **(V)** However, the same doctors might be more reluctant to order tests if they know that the patient would bear the full cost.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

TEST BİTTİ.

CEVAPLARINIZI KONTROL EDİNİZ.